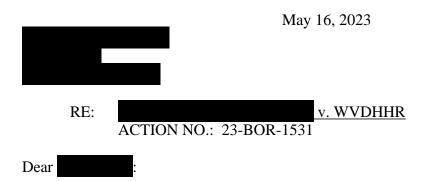


STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES Office of the Inspector General Board of Review

Jeffrey H. Coben, MD Interim Cabinet Secretary Sheila Lee Interim Inspector General



Enclosed is a copy of the decision resulting from the hearing held in the above-referenced matter.

In arriving at a decision, the State Hearing Officer is governed by the Public Welfare Laws of West Virginia and the rules and regulations established by the Department of Health and Human Resources. These same laws and regulations are used in all cases to assure that all persons are treated alike.

You will find attached an explanation of possible actions you may take if you disagree with the decision reached in this matter.

Sincerely,

Kristi Logan Certified State Hearing Officer Member, State Board of Review

Encl: Recourse to Hearing Decision Form IG-BR-29

cc: Benedict Sokol,

DHHR

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WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES BOARD OF REVIEW

Appellant,

v.

Action Number: 23-BOR-1531

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES,

Respondent.

DECISION OF STATE HEARING OFFICER

INTRODUCTION

This is the decision of the State Hearing Officer resulting from a fair hearing for Cooper. This hearing was held in accordance with the provisions found in Chapter 700 of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources' Common Chapters Manual. This fair hearing was convened on May 16, 2023, on an appeal filed April 12, 2023.

The matter before the Hearing Officer arises from the March 30, 2023 decision by the Respondent to terminate the Appellant's Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits.

At the hearing, the Respondent appeared by Benedict Sokol, Economic Service Worker. The Appellant was self-represented. Appearing as a witness for the Appellant was a self-represented. All witnesses were placed under oath, and the following documents were admitted into evidence.

Department's Exhibits:

- D-1 Board of Review Scheduling Order dated May 2, 2023
- D-2 Hearing Request received April 12, 2023
- D-3 Hearing Request Notification Form
- D-4 Combined Work Notice (CWN1) dated December 12, 2022
- D-5 Notice of SNAP Termination dated January 11, 2023
- D-6 Notice of SNAP Penalty dated January 11, 2023
- D-7 Case Comments from January April 2023

Appellant's Exhibits:

None

After a review of the record, including testimony, exhibits, and stipulations admitted into evidence at the hearing, and after assessing the credibility of all witnesses and weighing the evidence in consideration of the same, the Hearing Officer sets forth the following Findings of Fact.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1) The Appellant was a recipient of SNAP benefits.
- 2) The Respondent mailed the Combined Work Notice on December 12, 2022, advising the Appellant that she was required to register with WorkForce WV, or report an exemption, by January 9, 2023, to continue receiving SNAP benefits (Exhibit D-4).
- 3) The notice explained that if the Appellant met one of the work registration exemptions listed, she had to report the exemption to the Respondent (Exhibit D-4).
- 4) The Respondent imposed a work registration penalty against the Appellant on January 10, 2023, when it was determined that her WorkForce WV registration was invalid (Exhibit D-7).
- 5) The Respondent sent notices to the Appellant on January 11, 2023, advising that she would no longer receive SNAP benefits after January 31, 2023, due to the imposition of the work registration penalty (Exhibits D-5 and D-6).
- 6) The Appellant has one (1) previous work registration penalty.
- 7) The Appellant reapplied for SNAP benefits on March 29, 2023.
- 8) The Respondent denied the Appellant's application as her work registration penalty will not expire until July 31, 2023.
- 9) The Appellant registered with WorkForce WV on March 29, 2023.

APPLICABLE POLICY

Code of Federal Regulations 7 CFR §273.7 describes work requirements and SNAP:

(a) Work requirements

(1) As a condition of eligibility for SNAP benefits, each household member who is not exempt under paragraph (b)(1) of this section must comply with the following SNAP work requirements:

(i) Register for work or be registered by the State agency at the time of application and every 12 months after initial registration. The member required to register need not complete the registration form.

(ii) Participate in a Food Stamp Employment and Training (E&T) program if assigned by the State agency, to the extent required by the State agency;

(iii) Participate in a workfare program if assigned by the State agency;

(iv) Provide the State agency or its designee with sufficient information regarding employment status or availability for work;

(v) Report to an employer to whom referred by the State agency or its designee if the potential employment meets the suitability requirements described in paragraph (h) of this section;

(vi) Accept a bona fide offer of suitable employment, as defined in paragraph (h) of this section, at a site or plant not subject to a strike or lockout, at a wage equal to the higher of the Federal or State minimum wage or 80 percent of the wage that would have governed had the minimum hourly rate under section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act been applicable to the offer of employment.

(vii) Do not voluntarily and without good cause quit a job of 30 or more hours a week or reduce work effort to less than 30 hours a week, in accordance with paragraph (j) of this section...

(3) Each State agency will determine the meaning of any other terms used in paragraph (a)(1) of this section; the procedures for establishing compliance with SNAP work requirements; and whether an individual is complying with SNAP work requirements. A State agency must not use a meaning, procedure, or determination that is less restrictive on SNAP recipients than is a comparable meaning, procedure, or determination under the State agency's program funded under title IV-A of the Social Security Act.

(c)State Agency Responsibilities

(1)(i) The State agency must register for work each household member not exempted by the provisions of paragraph (b)(1) of this section. The State agency must permit the applicant to complete a record or form for each household member required to register for employment in accordance with paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section. Household members are considered to have registered when an identifiable work registration form is submitted to the State agency or when the registration is otherwise annotated or recorded by the State agency.

(ii) During the certification process, the State agency must provide a written notice and oral explanation to the household of all applicable work requirements for all members of the household and identify which household member is subject to which work requirement. These work requirements include the general work requirement in paragraph (a) of this section, mandatory E&T in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section, and the ABAWD work requirement at 273.24. The written notice and oral explanation must be provided in accordance with (c)(1)(iii) of this section. This written notice and oral explanation must also be provided to the household when a previously exempt household member or a new household member becomes subject to these work requirements, and at recertification.

(iii) The consolidated written notice must include all pertinent information related to each of the applicable work requirements, including: An explanation of each applicable work requirement; which individuals are subject to which work requirement; exemptions from each applicable work requirement; an explanation of the process to request an exemption (including contact information to request an exemption); the rights and responsibilities of each applicable work requirement; what is required to maintain eligibility under each applicable work requirement; pertinent dates by which an individual must take any actions to remain in compliance with each applicable work requirement; an

explanation of the process for requesting good cause (including examples of good cause circumstances and contact information to initiate a good cause request); and any other information the State agency believes would assist the household members with compliance.

(f)(2) Disqualification periods. The following disqualification periods will be imposed:

(i) For the first occurrence of noncompliance, the individual will be disqualified until the later of: (A) The date the individual complies, as determined by the State agency; (B) One month; or (C) Up to three months, at State agency option.

(ii) For the second occurrence, until the later of: (A) The date the individual complies, as determined by the State agency; (B) Three months; or (C) Up to six months, at State agency option. (iii) For the third or subsequent occurrence, until the later of: (A) The date the individual complies, as determined by the State agency; (B) Six months; (C) A date determined by the State agency; or (D) At the option of the State agency, permanently.

West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual §14.3.1.A states all individuals must register for employment with WorkForce West Virginia, within 30 days of the date of the original approval, unless exempt. Clients must register every 12 months thereafter, regardless of the length of time that WorkForce West Virginia considers the registration valid.

The Consolidated Work Notice (CWN) is sent to the SNAP AG when an individual(s) is required to register with job service through Workforce WV. The CWN details who must register and the due date of registration. The CWN also explains why the individual(s) is required to register and how to register. Actions which constitute a registration are defined by WorkForce West Virginia and the eligibility system must:

- Match with WorkForce West Virginia. Registration date updated.
- Match the date returned from WorkForce West Virginia is more than 12 months old. The client must register again.
- Match with WorkForce West Virginia with inactive job status and no job preference. The client must choose a job preference and become active to be considered registered.
- Match with WorkForce West Virginia with inactive job status and with job preference. The client must become active to be considered registered.
- Match with WorkForce West Virginia with active job status and no job preference. The client must choose a job preference to be considered registered (emphasis added).

Once the client registers with WorkForce West Virginia for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) purposes, he cannot be required to register more often than every 12 months, even when the benefit is opened and closed within the 12-month period. This is tracked through the eligibility system.

West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual §14.5.1.B states a client who refuses or fails to register with Workforce West Virginia, refuses employment, or refuses to provide information about employment status and job availability is subject to the following penalties for the full penalty period or until he reports a change which makes him exempt from the work requirements.

- First violation: The client is removed from the assistance group (AG) for at least three months or until he/she meets an exemption. If after three months, the client has not complied or met an exemption, the penalty continues until he/she does comply or meets an exemption for some reason other than Unemployment Compensation Insurance (UCI)-related activities.
- Second violation: The client is removed from the AG for six months or until he/she meets an exemption. If after six months, the client has not complied or met an exemption, the penalty continues until he/she does comply or meets an exemption for some reason other than UCI-related activities.
- Third and subsequent violations: The client is removed from the AG for twelve months or until he/she meets an exemption. If after 12 months, the client has not complied or met an exemption, the penalty continues until he/she does comply or meets an exemption for some reason other than UCI-related activities.

DISCUSSION

Federal regulations stipulate that a recipient must register for work every 12 months, or meet an exemption, as a condition of eligibility to receive SNAP benefits. A recipient who fails to comply with work registration requirements is subject to a SNAP penalty. Actions which constitute a complete registration are defined by WorkForce WV.

The Respondent sent the Combined Work Notice to the Appellant on December 12, 2022, advising of the requirement to register with WorkForce WV, by January 9, 2023, to continue receiving SNAP benefits. A penalty was imposed on January 10, 2023, when the Appellant's WorkForce WV registration was listed as active, with no job preference. The Appellant was notified on January 11, 2023, that she would be ineligible to receive SNAP benefits for a minimum of six (6) months, effective February 1, 2023, due to the imposition of the work registration penalty.

The Appellant testified that she is unable to work due to a seizure disorder and did not know that she was required to register with WorkForce WV. The Appellant contended that after a seizure, she becomes totally disoriented and incapacitated. The Appellant's witness, **Sector**, confirmed that the Appellant experienced a seizure and was disoriented around January 12, 2023, and began showing improvement in the following weeks.

The Combined Work Notice that was sent to the Appellant explained the requirement to register with WorkForce WV and listed individuals who could be exempt from work requirements. The notice stated that anyone claiming an exemption from work requirements was required to report the exemption to the Respondent. The Appellant was given ample opportunity to complete registration with WorkForce or report an exemption prior to the effective date of penalty.

The Respondent complied with federal regulations by notifying the Appellant of the work registration requirement, the date she must complete work registration or report an exemption, and the penalties for failure to comply. Pursuant to federal regulations and agency policy, failure to comply with work registration results in an ineligibility to participate in SNAP for a minimum of six months for a second offense, or until compliance, whichever is longer.

Whereas the Appellant failed to register with WorkForce WV by the deadline established by the Respondent, a work registration penalty must be imposed. The Appellant is ineligible to receive SNAP benefits for six months. Although the Appellant completed work registration after the effective date of the SNAP penalty, she must serve the minimum penalty period, or meet an exemption.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1) Pursuant to federal regulations, a SNAP penalty is imposed if a recipient fails to register by the timeline established by the State agency.
- 2) The Appellant was required to register with WorkForce WV by January 9, 2023.
- 3) The Respondent imposed a penalty against the Appellant on January 10, 2023, when the registration was deemed incomplete by WorkForce WV.
- 4) The effective date of the work registration penalty was February 1, 2023.
- 5) The Appellant fully registered with WorkForce on March 29, 2023, after the effective date of the SNAP penalty.
- 6) The Appellant must serve the minimum penalty period of six months, unless she meets an exemption, as this is her second work registration penalty.

DECISION

It is the decision of the State Hearing Officer to **uphold** the decision of the Respondent to terminate the Appellant's Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program benefits and deny her subsequent application.

ENTERED this 16th day of May 2023.

Kristi Logan Certified State Hearing Officer